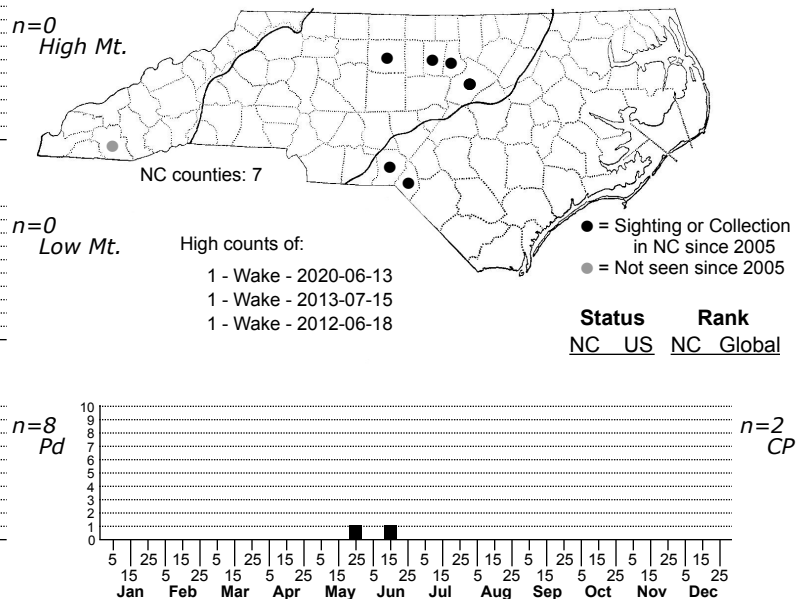
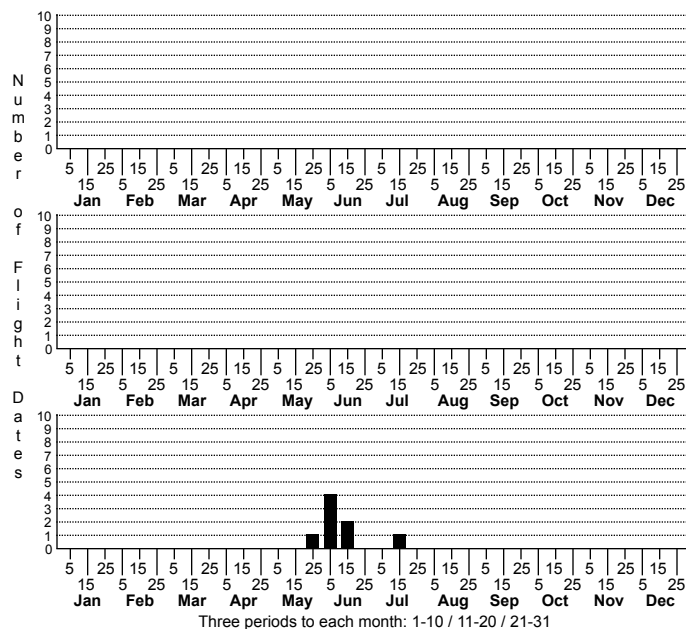


Tanygona lignicolorella None



FAMILY: Cosmopterigidae SUBFAMILY: Cosmopteriginae TRIBE: [Cosmopterigini]

TAXONOMIC COMMENTS: *Tanygona* is a monotypic genus whose single species occurs in eastern North America. It is closely related to *Cosmopterix* and *Pebops*, but differs in wing venation and other structural features (Hodges, 1978).

FIELD GUIDE DESCRIPTIONS:

ONLINE PHOTOS:

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION, ADULTS: Hodges (1978)

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION, IMMATURE STAGES:

ID COMMENTS: The following is based on the description by Braun (1923). The labial palp is smooth, recurved, and very long and slender. The third segment is slightly longer than the second, and the ground color is dark brown, with a white line along the lower edge, and another along the upper edge to the tip. The antenna is nearly as long as the forewing, and is dark brown to brownish ochreous towards the tip. Longitudinal white lines are present along the upper and lower sides, respectively. The head is brownish ochreous, with three longitudinal white lines which continue backwards along the thorax. The ground color of the forewing is brownish ochreous and overlain with three curved, oblique lines. The first extends from the wing base and curves backwards to the fold. The second is a very oblique white costal streak that begins at the basal fourth, then curves and runs in the fold to the middle of the wing. The third begins near the middle of the costa and crosses the wing to the cilia. In addition to these, there is a fine white line that runs along the dorsal edge to beyond the middle, and a perpendicular streak at the apical fourth that is broadest on the costa and extends across the wing to the cilia. There are a few dark-tipped scales between this streak and a white spot on the costa almost at the apex. The extreme apex of the wing is dark brown, and there is a line of dark brown scales around the apex. The hindwing and cilia are pale grayish white, and tinged with ochreous. The legs are grayish white overall. The hind tibia and tarsus are brownish ochreous, with white spots at the bases of the spurs and at the apices of the segments.

DISTRIBUTION: *Tanygona lignicolorella* is found in the eastern US from Massachusetts southward to southern Florida, and westward to Mississippi, Arkansas, and Illinois. As of 2024, we have few records from the eastern Piedmont, one from the Blue Ridge.

FLIGHT COMMENT: The adults fly from May through June in areas outside of North Carolina, with a strong seasonal peak in June and July. As of 2024, we have records from late May through mid-July.

HABITAT: The preferred habitats are unknown. Our two site records are from forested sites, but we are uncertain if this species is dependent on hardwoods for reproduction.

FOOD: The hosts are apparently unknown.

OBSERVATION_METHODS: The adults are attracted to lights.

NATURAL HERITAGE PROGRAM RANKS: GNR SU

STATE PROTECTION: Has no legal protection, although permits are required to collect it on state parks and other public lands.

COMMENTS: As of 2024, we only have a few site records for this species. More information is needed on its distribution and abundance before we can assess its conservation status.