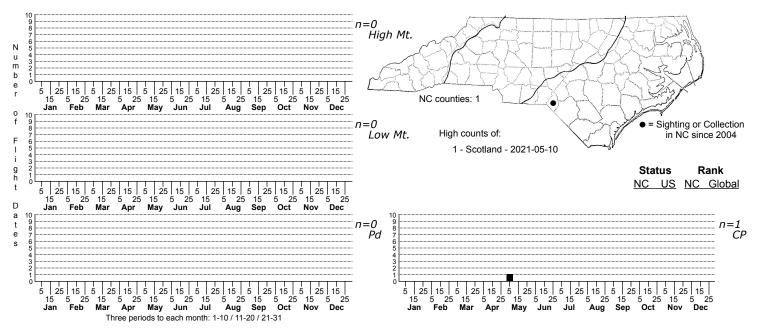
Tinea croceoverticella No common name



FAMILY: Tineidae SUBFAMILY: Tineinae TRIBE: TAXONOMIC COMMENTS:

FIELD GUIDE DESCRIPTIONS: ONLINE PHOTOS: TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION, ADULTS: Dietz (1905) TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION, IMMATURE STAGES:

ID COMMENTS: This species is rather distinctive, with its saffron head tuft that strongly contrast with the brown thorax and wings. The following description is primarily based on that in Dietz (1905). The thorax and forewing of this species is a uniformly dark bronzed brown, with a few paler filiform scales intermixed on the forewing. The head tuft is light-saffron, and the antenna dark brown with paler annulations. The labial palp is slightly paler than the head and has a dark brown spot on the second and third segments. The hindwings are wider than the forewings and are purplish brown with brown cilia.

DISTRIBUTION: This species appears to occur throughout a substantial portion of the eastern US and adjoining areas of Quebec and Ontario, with scattered records from Minnesota, Michigan, Ohio, Kentucky, Pennsylvania, New York, Maryland, Tennessee, North Carolina, Georgia, Florida, and Kansas (SCAN). There is also one record from California. As of 2024, our only record is from the Sandhills.

FLIGHT COMMENT: Most specimens have been collected from April through July, with a few in October and November. As of 2024, our only record is from May 10.

HABITAT: The preferred habitats are poorly defined. Our one record as of 2024 was from the boundary between a seepage slope and xeric Longleaf Pine forest in the Sandhills.

FOOD: The food resources that are used by this species are undocumented.

OBSERVATION_METHODS: The adults appear to be weakly attracted to lights.

NATURAL HERITAGE PROGRAM RANKS: GNR[SU]

STATE PROTECTION:

COMMENTS: