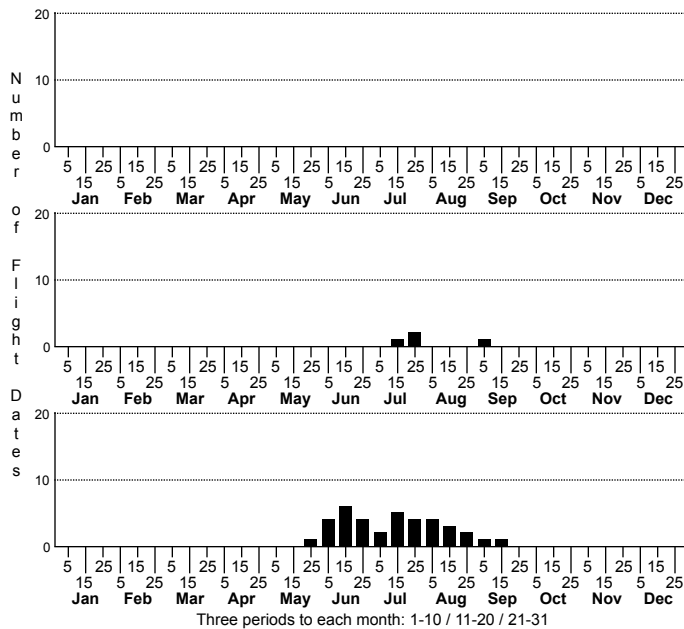


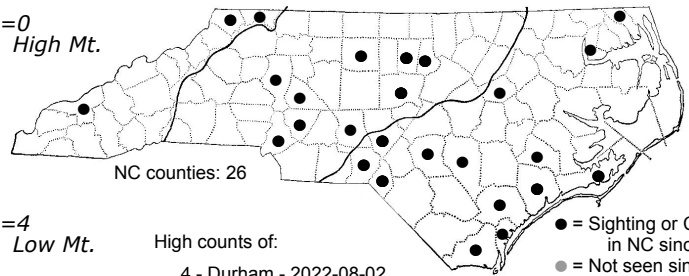
Eoreuma densellus Wainscot Grass-veneer



n=0
High Mt.

n=4
Low Mt.

n=37
Pd

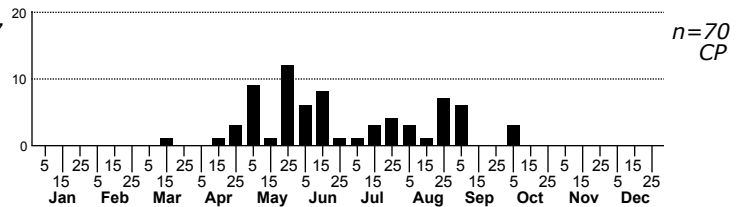


High counts of:

- 4 - Durham - 2022-08-02
- 3 - New Hanover - 2023-05-21
- 3 - Chatham - 2023-06-11

● = Sighting or Collection in NC since 2005
● = Not seen since 2005

Status Rank
NC US NC Global



FAMILY: Crambidae SUBFAMILY: Crambinae TRIBE: Haimbachiini
TAXONOMIC_COMMENTS:

FIELD GUIDE DESCRIPTIONS:

ONLINE PHOTOS:

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION, ADULTS: Forbes (1923); Klots (1970)

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION, IMMATURE STAGES:

ID COMMENTS: A small, pale yellowish-brown crambid. The veins are white, with the interspaces having a central yellow line bounded by brown streaks; streaks opposite the cell and in the fold are particularly dark (Forbes, 1923). Transverse lines are absent but there is a series of dark spots along the terminus. The discal spot is also dark and well-marked. Hindwings are nearly white. Xubida panalope is similar in size, color, and pattern but the veins are marked with fine dark lines rather than white. "Needs close up or enough detail to see pattern of dark lines on wing" (Scholtens, 2017)

DISTRIBUTION: Please refer to the dot map.

FLIGHT COMMENT: Please refer to the flight charts.

HABITAT: Our records come from both xeric and wet habitats. Most appear to be fairly open but there are several from closed canopy forests. Several are from residential neighborhoods.

FOOD: Larval host plants are apparently unknown. Klots (1970) states that many species in this group are borers in the soft stems of monocots.

OBSERVATION_METHODS:

NATURAL HERITAGE PROGRAM RANKS: GNR S4S5

STATE PROTECTION: Has no legal protection, although permits are required to collect it on state parks and other public lands.

COMMENTS: