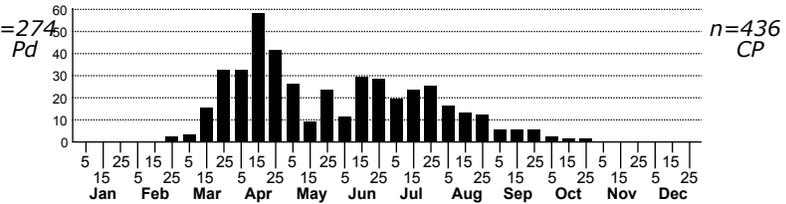
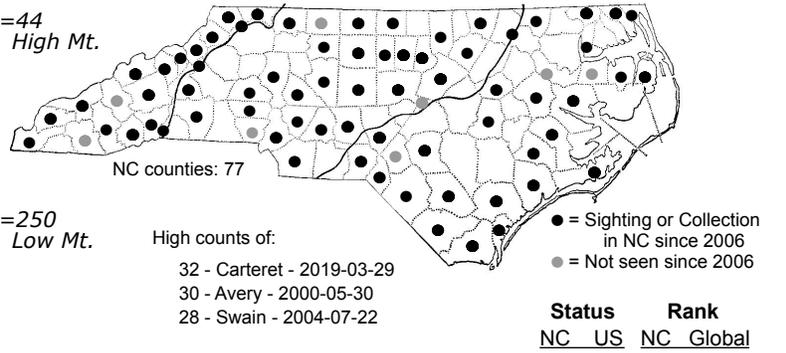
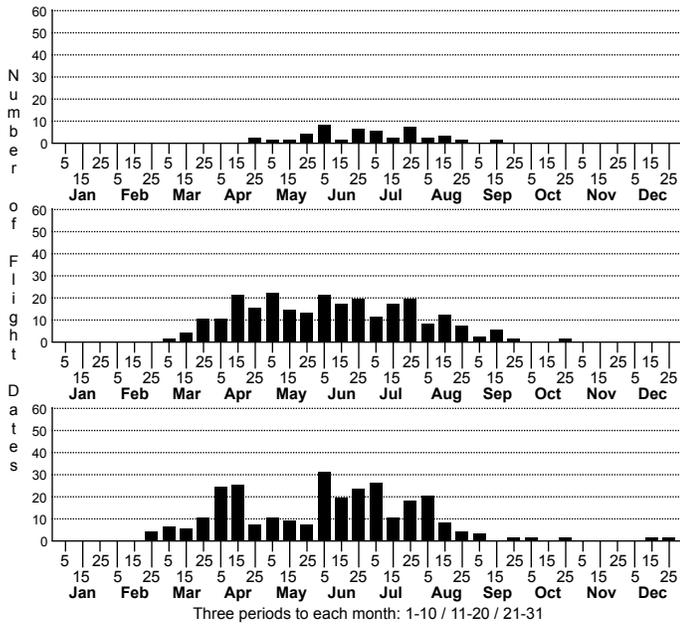


Epimecis hortaria Tulip-tree Beauty



FAMILY: Geometridae SUBFAMILY: Ennominae TRIBE: Boarmiini
 TAXONOMIC_COMMENTS:

FIELD GUIDE DESCRIPTIONS: Covell (1984); Beadle and Leckie (2012)

ONLINE PHOTOS:

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION, ADULTS:

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION, IMMATURE STAGES:

ID COMMENTS:

DISTRIBUTION: Statewide

FLIGHT COMMENT: Please refer to the flight charts.

HABITAT:

FOOD: Larvae are polyphagous, feeding on many hardwood trees and shrubs. Wagner et al. (2001) specifically list spicebush (<i>Lindera</i>), Tuliptree (<i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i>), <i>Magnolia</i>, redbay (<i>Persea</i>), and Sassafras (<i>Sassafras albidum</i>). In North Carolina, larvae have been recorded on Common Pawpaw (<i>Asimina triloba</i>), Sweetbay Magnolia (<i>Magnolia virginiana</i>), Northern Bayberry (<i>Morella pensylvanica</i>), Southern Arrowwood (<i>Viburnum dentatum</i>), and Swamp Redbay (<i>Persea palustris</i>).

OBSERVATION_METHODS:

NATURAL HERITAGE PROGRAM RANKS: G5 SNR [S5]

STATE PROTECTION: Has no legal protection, although permits are required to collect it on state parks and other public lands.

COMMENTS: