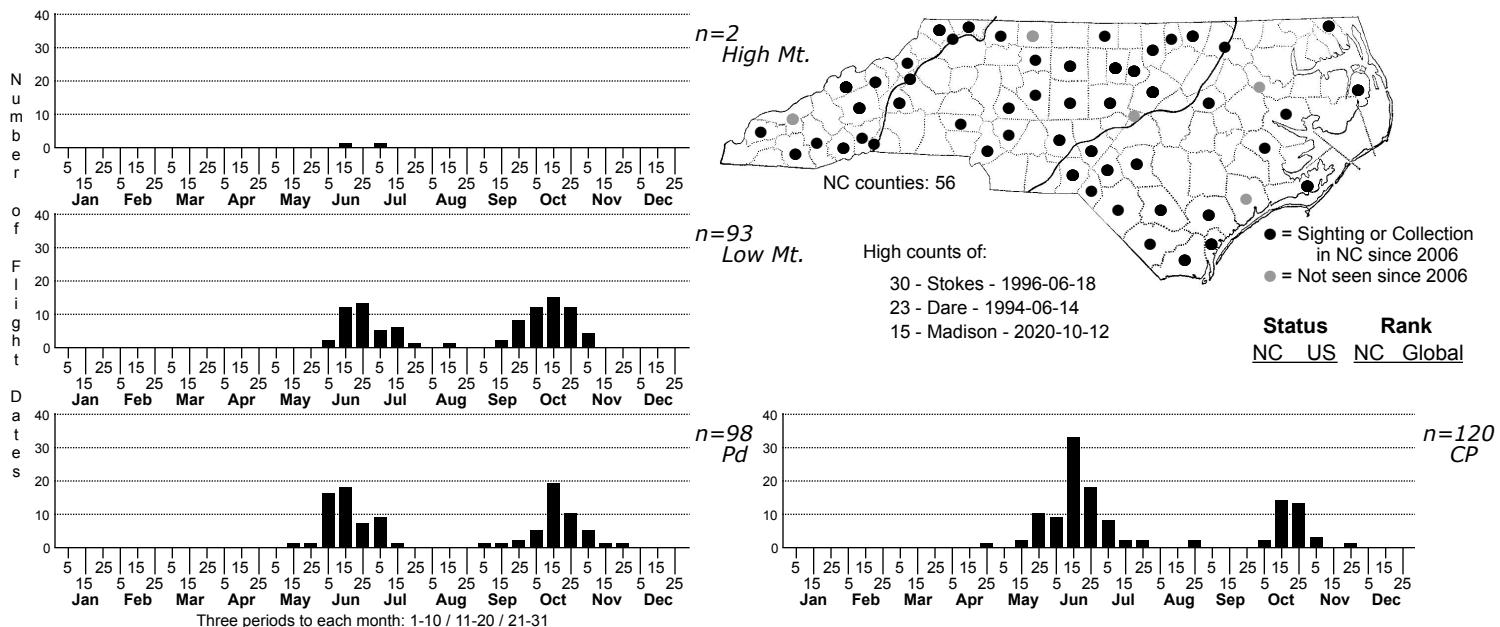


Artace cibrarius Dot-lined White



FAMILY: Lasiocampidae SUBFAMILY: Macromphaliinae TRIBE:
TAXONOMIC COMMENTS:

FIELD GUIDE DESCRIPTIONS: Covell (1984); Beadle and Leckie (2012)

ONLINE PHOTOS:

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION, ADULTS:

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION, IMMATURE STAGES:

ID COMMENTS: A medium-sized, glisteningly white species marked on the forewings with lines of black dots. The antennae are yellow or brown.

DISTRIBUTION: Please refer to the dot map.

FLIGHT COMMENT: Please refer to the flight charts.

HABITAT: Fields, woodlands, and forest edges (Wagner, 2005). North Carolina records come from most wooded habitats, from maritime forests, peatlands, bottomlands, Longleaf Pine habitats, mesic forests, cove forests, and dry ridges.

FOOD: Larvae are polyphagous, feeding on cherry (*Prunus*), rose (*Rosa*), oak (*Quercus*), and probably other species of hardwood trees and shrubs (Wagner, 2005). In North Carolina, larvae have been recorded feeding on ash (*Fraxinus*), cherry, and Cherrybark Oak (*Quercus pagoda*).

OBSERVATION METHODS:

NATURAL HERITAGE PROGRAM RANKS: G5 SNR [S5]

STATE PROTECTION: Has no legal protection, although permits are required to collect it on state parks and other public lands.

COMMENTS: