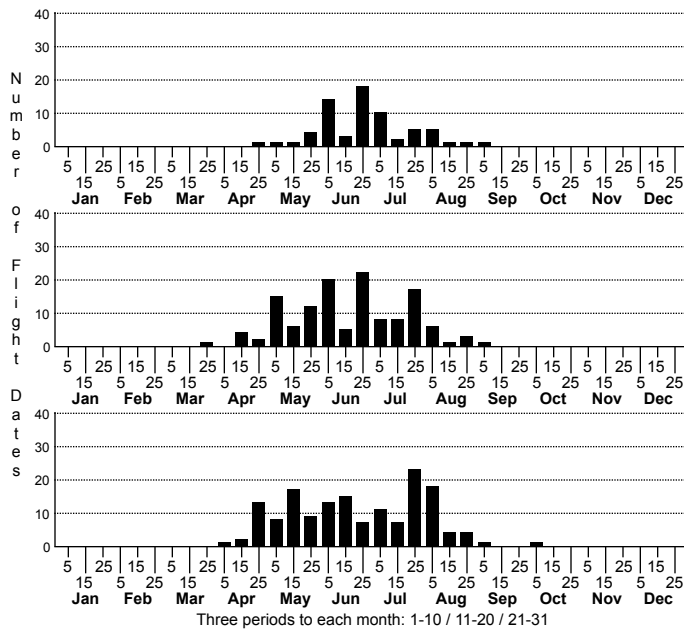


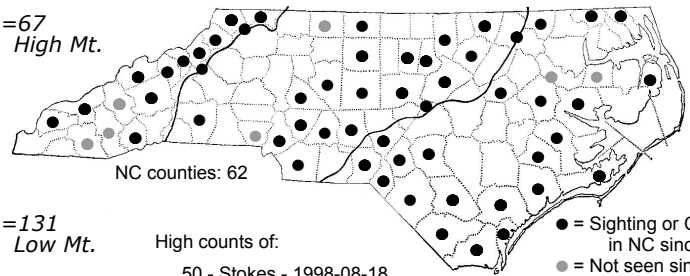
Cecrita guttivitta Saddled Prominent



n=67
High Mt.

n=131
Low Mt.

n=154
Pd

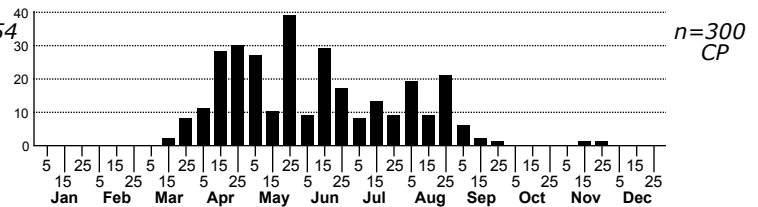


High counts of:

50 - Stokes - 1998-08-18
50 - Stokes - 2000-04-30
21 - Hoke - 2001-05-29

● = Sighting or Collection in NC since 2005
● = Not seen since 2005

Status	Rank		
NC	US	NC	Global



FAMILY: Notodontidae SUBFAMILY: Heterocampinae TRIBE:

TAXONOMIC_COMMENTS: One of 21 species in this genus that occur in North America north of Mexico (Lafontaine and Schmidt, 2010), seven of which have been recorded in North Carolina.

FIELD GUIDE DESCRIPTIONS: Covell (1984); Beadle and Leckie (2012)

ONLINE PHOTOS:

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION, ADULTS:

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION, IMMATURE STAGES:

ID COMMENTS:

DISTRIBUTION: Occurs statewide

FLIGHT COMMENT: Please refer to the flight charts.

HABITAT: Barrens, woodlands, and forests (Wagner, 2005). Our records come a wide range of hardwood forests and heathlands.

FOOD: Larvae are polyphagous, feeding on a broad range of hardwood trees and shrubs (Wagner, 2005). In North Carolina, larvae have been observed feeding on Florida Maple (*Acer floridanum*), Red Maple (*A. rubrum*), Flowering Dogwood (*Benthamidia florida*), River Birch (*Betula nigra*), American Hornbeam (*Carpinus caroliniana*), hickory (*Carya* sp.), American Persimmon (*Diospyros virginiana*), American Beech (*Fagus grandifolia*), Black Gum (*Nyssa sylvatica*), White Oak (*Quercus alba*), Willow Oak (*Q. phellos*), and Stiff Dogwood (*Swida foemina*).

OBSERVATION_METHODS:

NATURAL HERITAGE PROGRAM RANKS: G5 SNR [S5]

STATE PROTECTION: Has no legal protection, although permits are required to collect it on state parks and other public lands.

COMMENTS: