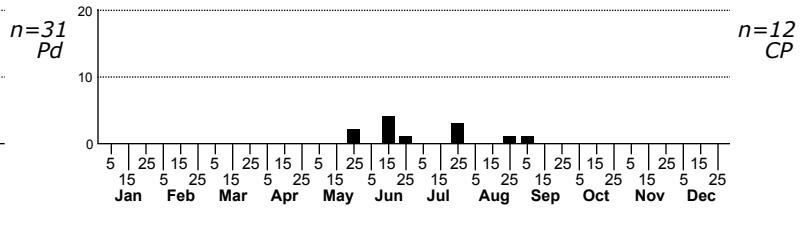
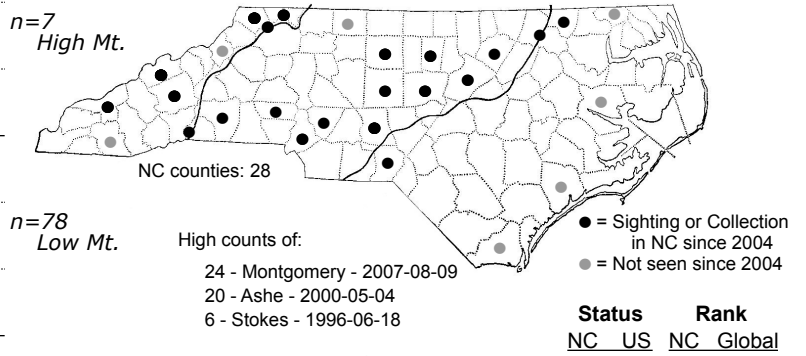
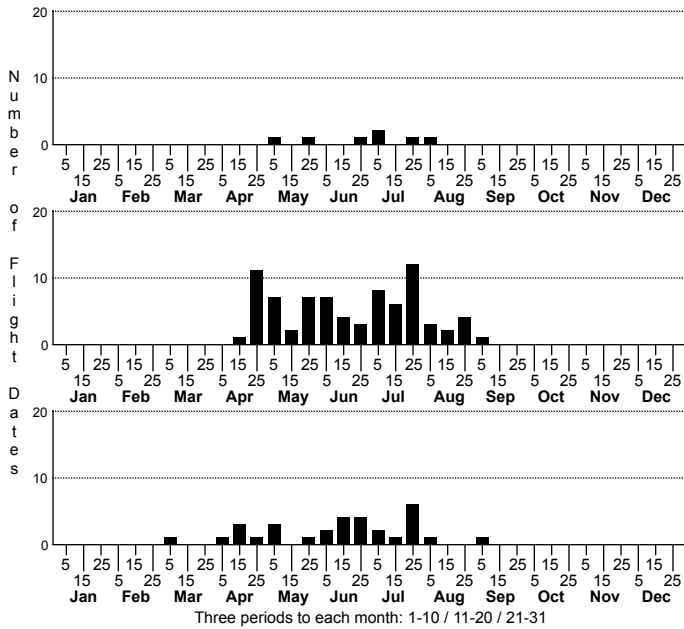


*Baileya australis* Small Baileya



FAMILY: Nolidae SUBFAMILY: Risobinae TRIBE:  
 TAXONOMIC\_COMMENTS:

FIELD GUIDE DESCRIPTIONS: Covell (1984); Beadle and Leckie (2012)

ONLINE PHOTOS:

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION, ADULTS:

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION, IMMATURE STAGES:

ID COMMENTS:

DISTRIBUTION: The species is essentially found statewide, with the possible exception of parts of the outer coastal plain. It is most common in lower elevation habitats in the mountains.

FLIGHT COMMENT: Please refer to the flight charts.

HABITAT: Coastal Plain records come from brownwater floodplains and stands of mesic hardwoods growing on bluffs. Piedmont records come from alluvial forests and a few mafic upland areas. Mountain records come from alluvial and cove forests and from a few upland sites associated with Amphibolite.

FOOD: Larvae feed on Black Walnut (Wagner et al., 2011). We do not have any feeding records in North Carolina.

OBSERVATION\_METHODS:

NATURAL HERITAGE PROGRAM RANKS: G5 S4S5

STATE PROTECTION: Has no legal protection, although permits are required to collect it on state parks and other public lands.

COMMENTS: