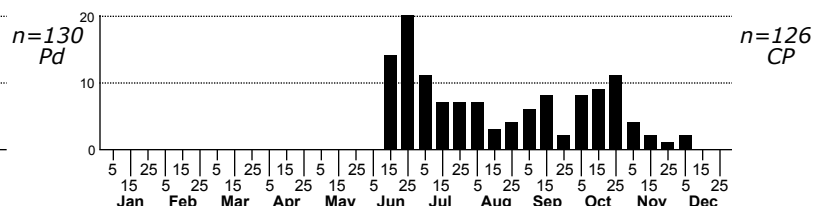
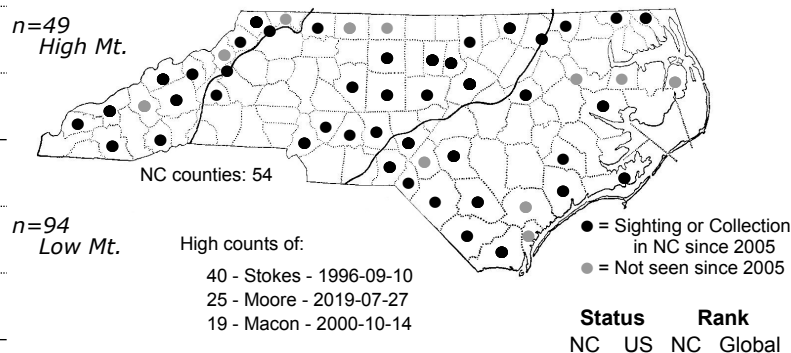
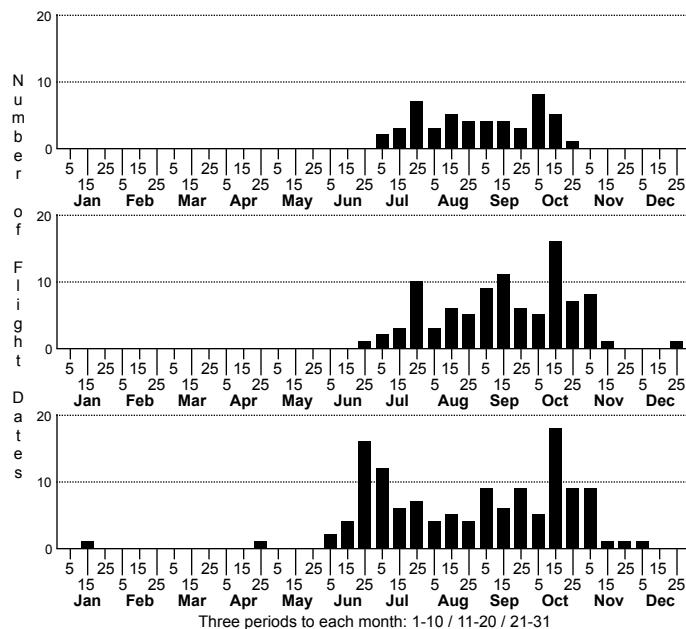


# *Amphipyra pyramidoides* Copper Underwing



FAMILY: Noctuidae SUBFAMILY: Amphipyrinae TRIBE: Amphipyrini  
TAXONOMIC\_COMMENTS:

FIELD GUIDE DESCRIPTIONS: Covell (1984); Beadle and Leckie (2012)

ONLINE PHOTOS:

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION, ADULTS:

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION, IMMATURE STAGES:

ID COMMENTS:

DISTRIBUTION: Occurs statewide

FLIGHT COMMENT: Please refer to the flight charts.

HABITAT: Wagner et al. (2011) list woodlands and forests as habitats used by this species. Our records come from nearly all types of hardwood-dominated habitats, from maritime forests to high elevation oak forests and northern hardwoods.

FOOD: Larvae are widely polyphagous, feeding on hardwood trees, shrubs, and vines belonging to many families. Wagner (2005) specifically lists maple (*Acer*), hickory (*Carya*), chestnut (*Castanea*), hawthorn (*Crataegus*), walnut (*Juglans*), apple (*Malus*), Virginia Creeper, poplar (*Populus*), cherry (*Prunus*), oak (*Quercus*), *Rhododendron*, currant (*Ribes*), greenbriers (*Smilax*), American Basswood, blueberry (*Vaccinium*), *Viburnum*, and grape (*Vitis*). In North Carolina, we have recorded larvae feeding on maple (*Acer* sp.), American Hornbeam (*Carpinus caroliniana*), American Plum (*Prunus americana*), Chickasaw Plum (*Prunus angustifolia*), Water Oak (*Quercus nigra*), and Arrowwood Viburnum (*Viburnum dentatum*).

OBSERVATION\_METHODS:

NATURAL HERITAGE PROGRAM RANKS: G5 SNR [S5]

STATE PROTECTION: Has no legal protection, although permits are required to collect it on state parks and other public lands.

COMMENTS: