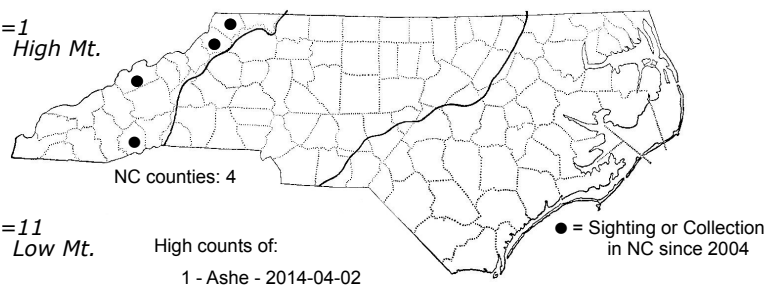
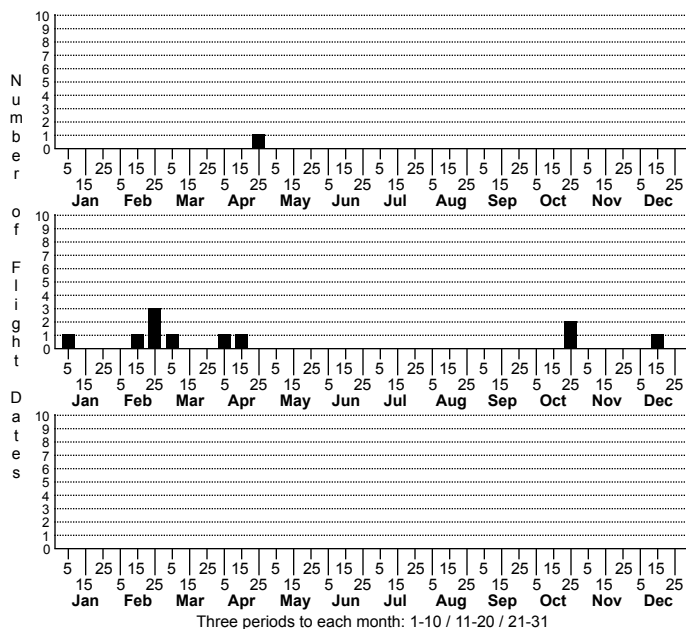


Eupsilia schweitzeri Schweitzer's Sallow



High counts of:
 1 - Ashe - 2014-04-02
 1 - Ashe - 2014-04-27
 1 - Watauga - 2012-02-28

Status	Rank
NC	US
NC	Global



FAMILY: Noctuidae SUBFAMILY: Noctuinae TRIBE: Xylenini
 TAXONOMIC_COMMENTS: A genus of the northern hemisphere with some 17 species including 8 in North America with several more about to be described. North Carolina has 6 described and 1 undescribed species, some of which are extremely similar in wing pattern.

FIELD GUIDE DESCRIPTIONS: Not in either field guide
 ONLINE PHOTOS:
 TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION, ADULTS:
 TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION, IMMATURE STAGES:

ID COMMENTS: The adult reminds us of what a hybrid between *E. vinulenta* and *E. cirripalea* might look like. It is less patterned than *E. vinulenta* but more so than *E. sidus* and *E. cirripalea*. The reniform can be concolorous, yellowish or white but the frequency of the white morph is much higher than in the populations of *E. vinulenta* that we have examined.

DISTRIBUTION: This species has been recorded so far in the northern mountains, although there are some specimens reported from Macon County that still need to be verified. In Connecticut it occurs widely over the state so it may occur in the Piedmont of North Carolina well.

FLIGHT COMMENT: We have records from October through April.

HABITAT: Our few records are from stands of fairly mesic hardwoods located at moderate elevations in the Mountains.

FOOD: Unpublished but probably including black cherry.

OBSERVATION_METHODS: Adults readily come to bait and have been collected in light traps. It commonly occurs in maple sap collections!

NATURAL HERITAGE PROGRAM RANKS: [GNR SU]

STATE PROTECTION: Has no legal protection, although permits are required to collect it on state parks and other public lands.

COMMENTS: May be common and secure in the Mountains but too little is yet known about this species to determine its conservation status.