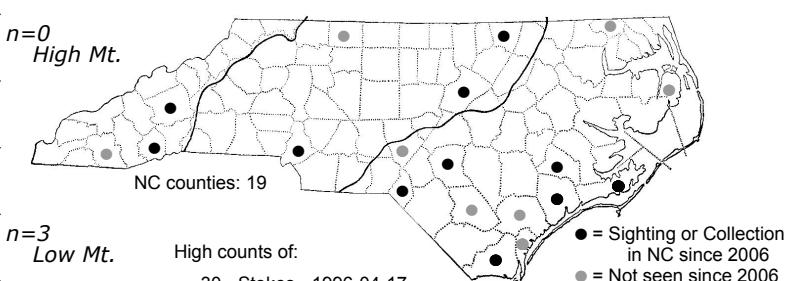
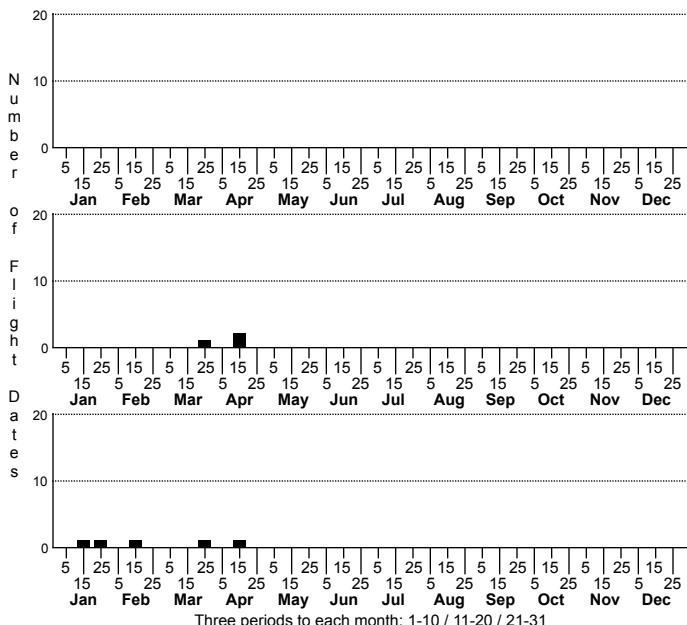
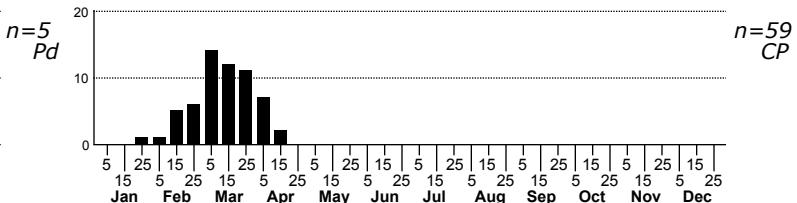


Xystopeplus rufago Red-winged Sallow



Status	Rank		
NC	US	NC	Global



FAMILY: Noctuidae SUBFAMILY: Noctuinae TRIBE: Xylenini
TAXONOMIC COMMENTS:

FIELD GUIDE DESCRIPTIONS: Covell (1984)

ONLINE PHOTOS:

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION, ADULTS:

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION, IMMATURE STAGES:

ID COMMENTS:

DISTRIBUTION: Please refer to the dot map.

FLIGHT COMMENT: Please refer to the flight charts.

HABITAT: Wagner et al. (2011) list woodlands, forests, and barrens as habitats used by this species. Our records come from a variety of dry, open woodlands and barrens, including maritime scrub, pine-oak heath habitats, dry ridges, and open lakeshores.

FOOD: Larval host plants include heaths and oaks, as well as other hardwood trees and shrubs. Wagner et al. (2011) specifically list hickory (*Carya*), hazelnut (*Corylus*), American Witch-hazel (*Hamamelis virginiana*), Sourwood (*Oxydendrum arboreum*), poplar (*Populus*), oak (*Quercus*), and blueberry (*Vaccinium*). In North Carolina, J.B. Sullivan reared larvae from Bluejack Oak (*Quercus incana*), Live Oak (*Q. virginiana*), and Sparkleberry (*Vaccinium arboreum*).

OBSERVATION METHODS:

NATURAL HERITAGE PROGRAM RANKS: G5 SNR [S3S4]

STATE PROTECTION: Has no legal protection, although permits are required to collect it on state parks and other public lands.

COMMENTS: