

An AMPHIBIAN Checklist for Carvers Creek State Park 29 taxa

Herpetology is the branch of zoology dedicated to the study of amphibians (frogs, toads, salamanders, and newts) and of reptiles (snakes, lizards, turtles, and crocodilians). "Herps" are a diverse and interesting group of animals that are important elements in the fabric of life.

Amphibian is derived from the Greek work "amphibios". "Amphi" meaning 'both' and "bio" meaning 'life' - hence leading a double life. Indeed, most amphibians are aquatic as juveniles and breath with gills. After transformation, the adults usually live on land and most have lungs.

Many amphibians are very sensitive to environmental change. Their diversity and abundance can be an indication of an area's ecological health.

In early spring and during the summer listen for the calls of frogs and toads. Salamanders and newts, however, are silent and can be quiet secretive.

Reptiles, unlike amphibians, have dry skin covered with horny scales. Most, with the exception of snakes and legless lizards, have 4 legs with five clawed digits on each foot. While some amphibians retain gills as adults, all reptiles breathe solely by means of lungs.

Look for these cold-blooded animals on warm to hot sunny days when they bask on rocks, logs and tree trunks. Sixty-seven species have been recorded in North Carolina.

**For more information, contact:
Carvers Creek State Park**

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Notes

AMPHIBIAN CHECKLIST Carvers Creek State Park



Seasons:

Spring - March to May
Summer - June to August
Fall - September to November
Winter - December to February

Web Links

Amphibians and Reptiles of North Carolina State Parks
<<https://auth1.dpr.ncparks.gov/nrid/public.php>>

Resources

Snakes of the Southeast
by Whit Gibbons and Mike Dorcas
Univ. of Georgia Press
<<http://www.ugapress.org>>

Amphibians and Reptiles of the Carolinas and Virginia
by Jeffrey C. Beane, Alvin L. Braswell, Joseph C. Mitchell, and William M. Palmer
Univ. of North Carolina Press
<<http://uncpress.unc.edu>>

Reptiles of North Carolina
by William M. Palmer and Alvin L. Braswell
Univ. of North Carolina Press
<<http://uncpress.unc.edu>>

29 AMPHIBIAN taxa**AMBYSTOMATIDAE: [1]**

___ Marbled Salamander x - x -
Ambystoma opacum

AMPHIUMIDAE: [1]

___ Two-toed Amphiuma x - - -
Amphiuma means

PLETHODONTIDAE: [4]

___ Southern Dusky Salamander - x - -
Desmognathus auriculatus

___ Southern Two-lined Salamander - - x -
Eurycea cirrigera

___ Atlantic Coast Slimy Salamander x x - x
Plethodon chlorobryonis

___ Eastern Mud Salamander - x - -
Pseudotriton montanus montanus

PROTEIDAE: [1]

___ Dwarf Waterdog x - - -
Necturus punctatus

SALAMANDRIDAE: [1]

___ Broken-striped Newt - x - -
Notophthalmus viridescens dorsalis

HYLIDAE: [10]

___ Pine Barrens Treefrog x x - -
Hyla andersonii

___ Cope's Gray Treefrog x x x -
Hyla chrysoscelis

___ Green Treefrog x x x -
Hyla cinerea

___ Pine Woods Treefrog x x - -
Hyla femoralis

___ Squirrel Treefrog - x - -
Hyla squirella

___ Striped Southern Chorus Frog x - - -
Pseudacris nigrita nigrita

___ Little Grass Frog - x x -
Pseudacris ocularis

MICROHYLIDAE: [1]

___ Eastern Narrow-mouthed Toad x x - -
Gastrophryne carolinensis

PELOBATIDAE: [1]

___ Eastern Spadefoot x x - -
Scaphiopus holbrookii

BUFONIDAE: [3]

___ Fowler's Toad x x - -
Anaxyrus fowleri

BUFONIDAE: [3]

___ Oak Toad - x - -
Anaxyrus quercicus

___ Southern Toad x x x -
Anaxyrus terrestris

HYLIDAE: [10]

___ Eastern Cricket Frog x x - -
Acris crepitans

___ Coastal Plain (Southern) Cricket Frog x x - x
Acris gryllus

___ Spring Peeper x x x -
Pseudacris crucifer

___ Upland Chorus Frog - - - x
Pseudacris feriarum

RANIDAE: [5]

___ American Bullfrog x x - -
Lithobates catesbeianus

___ Green Frog x x - -
Lithobates clamitans

___ Pickerel Frog x - - -
Lithobates palustris

___ Southern Leopard Frog x x - -
Lithobates sphenoccephalus

___ Carpenter Frog x x - -
Lithobates virgatipes