## An AMPHIBIAN Checklist for Jones Lake State Park 22 taxa

Herpetology is the branch of zoology dedicated to the study of amphibians (frogs, toads, salamanders, and newts) and of reptiles (snakes, lizards, turtles, and crocodilians). "Herps" are a diverse and interesting group of animals that are important elements in the fabric of life.

Amphibian is derived from the Greek work "amphibios". "Amphi" meaning 'both' and "bio" meaning 'life' - hence leading a double life. Indeed, most amphibians are aquatic as juveniles and breath with gills. After transformation, the adults usually live on land and most have lungs.

Many amphibians are very sensitive to environmental change. Their diversity and abundance can be an indication of an area's ecological health.

In early spring and during the summer listen for the calls of frogs and toads. Salamanders and newts, however, are silent and can be quiet secretive.

Reptiles, unlike amphibians, have dry skin covered with horny scales. Most, with the exception of snakes and legless lizards, have 4 legs with five clawed digits on each foot. While some amphibians retain gills as adults, all reptiles breathe solely by means of lungs.

Look for these cold-blooded animals on warm to hot sunny days when they bask on rocks, logs and tree trunks. Sixty-seven species have been recorded in North Carolina.

> For more information, contact: Jones Lake State Park

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**Notes** 

# AMPHIBIAN CHECKLIST Jones Lake State Park



#### Seasons:

Spring - March to May Summer - June to August Fall -September to November Winter - December to February

### Web Links

Amphibians and Reptiles of North Carolina State Parks <a href="https://auth1.dpr.ncparks.gov/nrid/public.php">https://auth1.dpr.ncparks.gov/nrid/public.php</a>

#### Resources

Snakes of the Southeast by Whit Gibbons and Mike Dorcas Univ. of Georgia Press <a href="http://www.ugapress.org">http://www.ugapress.org</a>

Amphibians and Reptiles of the Carolinas and Virginia by Jeffrey C. Beane, Alvin L. Braswell, Joseph C. Mitchell, and William M. Palmer Univ. of North Carolina Press <a href="http://uncpress.unc.edu">http://uncpress.unc.edu</a>

Reptiles of North Carolina by William M. Palmer and Alvin L. Braswell Univ. of North Carolina Press <a href="http://uncpress.unc.edu">http://uncpress.unc.edu</a>



https://www.ncparks.gov/junior-rangers

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22 AMPHIBIAN taxa PLETHODONTIDAE: [3]				
Four-toed Salamander	x	_	_	_
Hemidactylium scutatum				
Atlantic Coast Slimy Salamander	x	_	_	>
Plethodon chlorobryonis				_
Eastern Mud Salamander	_	x	_	_
Pseudotriton montanus montanus				
SALAMANDRIDAE: [1]				
Broken-striped Newt	v	v	v	3
Notophthalmus viridescens dorsalis				-
HYLIDAE: [8]				
Cope's Gray Treefrog	_	v	_	_
Hyla chrysoscelis		^		
Green Treefrog	_	~	_	
Hyla cinerea		^		
Pine Woods Treefrog	v	~	v	
Hyla femoralis	7.	^	Λ	
Barking Treefrog	_	~	v	
Hyla gratiosa		^	Λ	
Brimley's Chorus Frog	v	_	_	
Pseudacris brimleyi	7.			
Striped Southern Chorus Frog	v	~	_	
Pseudacris nigrita nigrita	^	^		
Little Grass Frog	v	_	_	
Pseudacris ocularis	7.			
MICROHYLIDAE: [1]				
Eastern Narrow-mouthed Toad	~	~	v	_
Gastrophryne carolinensis	^	^	^	
PELOBATIDAE: [1]				
Eastern Spadefoot	~	~	_	_
Scaphiopus holbrookii	^	^		
BUFONIDAE: [2]				
Oak Toad	~	~	_	_
Anaxyrus quercicus	^	^		
Southern Toad	~	~	v	_
Anaxyrus terrestris	Λ.	^		
HYLIDAE: [8]				
Coastal Plain (Southern) Cricket Frog	٠,	3.5		
Acris gryllus	Λ.	^	_	
Spring Peeper	٦,	7.5		-
Pseudacris crucifer	X	X	_	2
RANIDAE: [4]				
American Bullfrog	_	7.5		
Lithobates catesbeianus	_	X	_	
Lanoonies entespeimins				

RANIDAE: [4]				
Green Frog	 х	x	-	-
Lithobates clamitans				
Southern Leopard Frog	 x	х	x	_
Lithobates sphenocephalus				
Carpenter Frog	 x	-	x	x
Lithobates virgatipes				
SALAMANDRIDAE: [1]				
Eastern Newt	 _	х	_	_
Notophthalmus viridescens				
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