An AMPHIBIAN Checklist for Pilot Mountain State Park 25 taxa

Herpetology is the branch of zoology dedicated to the study of amphibians (frogs, toads, salamanders, and newts) and of reptiles (snakes, lizards, turtles, and crocodilians). "Herps" are a diverse and interesting group of animals that are important elements in the fabric of life.

Amphibian is derived from the Greek work "amphibios". "Amphi" meaning 'both' and "bio" meaning 'life' - hence leading a double life. Indeed, most amphibians are aquatic as juveniles and breath with gills. After transformation, the adults usually live on land and most have lungs.

Many amphibians are very sensitive to environmental change. Their diversity and abundance can be an indication of an area's ecological health.

In early spring and during the summer listen for the calls of frogs and toads. Salamanders and newts, however, are silent and can be quiet secretive.

Reptiles, unlike amphibians, have dry skin covered with horny scales. Most, with the exception of snakes and legless lizards, have 4 legs with five clawed digits on each foot. While some amphibians retain gills as adults, all reptiles breathe solely by means of lungs.

Look for these cold-blooded animals on warm to hot sunny days when they bask on rocks, logs and tree trunks. Sixty-seven species have been recorded in North Carolina.

For more information, contact: Pilot Mountain State Park

(336) 444-5100 pilot.mountain@ncparks.gov

Notes

AMPHIBIAN CHECKLIST Pilot Mountain State Park



Seasons:

Spring - March to May Summer - June to August Fall -September to November Winter - December to February

Web Links

Amphibians and Reptiles of North Carolina State Parks https://auth1.dpr.ncparks.gov/nrid/public.php

Resources

Snakes of the Southeast by Whit Gibbons and Mike Dorcas Univ. of Georgia Press http://www.ugapress.org

Amphibians and Reptiles of the Carolinas and Virginia by Jeffrey C. Beane, Alvin L. Braswell, Joseph C. Mitchell, and William M. Palmer Univ. of North Carolina Press http://uncpress.unc.edu

Reptiles of North Carolina by William M. Palmer and Alvin L. Braswell Univ. of North Carolina Press http://uncpress.unc.edu



https://www.ncparks.gov/junior-rangers

25 AMPHIBIAN taxa				
AMBYSTOMATIDAE: [3]				
Spotted Salamander	х	_	х	Х
Ambystoma maculatum				
Marbled Salamander	х	-	х	Х
Ambystoma opacum				
Mole Salamander	х	х	-	Х
Ambystoma talpoideum				
PLETHODONTIDAE: [9]				
Northern Dusky Salamander	х	-	х	Х
Desmognathus fuscus				
Black-bellied Salamander	-	Х	-	-
Desmognathus quadramaculatus				
Southern Two-lined Salamander	х	х	х	-
Eurycea cirrigera				
Three-lined Salamander	х	-	-	-
Eurycea guttolineata				
Northern Spring Salamander	-	-	х	-
Gyrinophilus porphyriticus porphyriticus				
Four-toed Salamander	х	-	-	Х
Hemidactylium scutatum				
White-spotted Slimy Salamander	x	x	х	-
Plethodon cylindraceus				
SALAMANDRIDAE: [1]				
Red-spotted (Eastern) Newt	x	-	-	х
Notophthalmus viridescens viridescens				
HYLIDAE: [3]				
Cope's Gray Treefrog	x	x	-	-
Hyla chrysoscelis				
PELOBATIDAE: [1]				
Eastern Spadefoot	-	x	-	-
Scaphiopus holbrookii				
BUFONIDAE: [2]				
Eastern American Toad	x	x	-	х
Anaxyrus americanus				
Fowler's Toad	x	x	-	-
Anaxyrus fowleri				
HYLIDAE: [3]				
Eastern Cricket Frog	x	x	-	-
Acris crepitans				
Spring Peeper	x	_	_	х
Pseudacris crucifer				
Upland Chorus Frog	x	_	_	х
Pseudacris feriarum				

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RANIDAE: [4] American Bullfrog	х	х	_	X
Lithobates catesbeianus Green Frog Lithobates clamitans	х	х	х	_
Pickerel Frog Lithobates palustris	x	-	x	_
Wood Frog	. x	-	-	х
Lithobates sylvaticus PLETHODONTIDAE: [9] Kanawha Black-bellied Salamander	. x	_	_	_
Desmognathus kanawha Seal Salamander				
Desmognathus monticola Northern Red Salamander	-	x	-	_
Pseudotriton ruber ruber				