

A REPTILE Checklist for Hammocks Beach State Park 26 taxa

Herpetology is the branch of zoology dedicated to the study of amphibians (frogs, toads, salamanders, and newts) and of reptiles (snakes, lizards, turtles, and crocodilians). "Herps" are a diverse and interesting group of animals that are important elements in the fabric of life.

Amphibian is derived from the Greek work "amphibios". "Amphi" meaning 'both' and "bio" meaning 'life' - hence leading a double life. Indeed, most amphibians are aquatic as juveniles and breath with gills. After transformation, the adults usually live on land and most have lungs.

Many amphibians are very sensitive to environmental change. Their diversity and abundance can be an indication of an area's ecological health.

In early spring and during the summer listen for the calls of frogs and toads. Salamanders and newts, however, are silent and can be quiet secretive.

Reptiles, unlike amphibians, have dry skin covered with horny scales. Most, with the exception of snakes and legless lizards, have 4 legs with five clawed digits on each foot. While some amphibians retain gills as adults, all reptiles breathe solely by means of lungs.

Look for these cold-blooded animals on warm to hot sunny days when they bask on rocks, logs and tree trunks. Sixty-seven species have been recorded in North Carolina.

**For more information, contact:
Hammocks Beach State Park**

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Notes



REPTILE CHECKLIST Hammocks Beach State Park

Seasons:

Spring - March to May
Summer - June to August
Fall - September to November
Winter - December to February

Web Links

Amphibians and Reptiles of North Carolina State Parks
<<https://auth1.dpr.ncparks.gov/nrid/public.php>>

Resources

Snakes of the Southeast
by Whit Gibbons and Mike Dorcas
Univ. of Georgia Press
<<http://www.ugapress.org>>

Amphibians and Reptiles of the Carolinas and Virginia
by Jeffrey C. Beane, Alvin L. Braswell, Joseph C. Mitchell, and William M. Palmer
Univ. of North Carolina Press
<<http://uncpress.unc.edu>>

Reptiles of North Carolina
by William M. Palmer and Alvin L. Braswell
Univ. of North Carolina Press
<<http://uncpress.unc.edu>>



26 REPTILE taxa

CHELONIIDAE: [3]

- ___ Loggerhead Sea Turtle x x - -
Caretta caretta
- ___ Green Sea Turtle x x - -
Chelonia mydas
- ___ Kemp's Ridley Sea Turtle - x x x
Lepidochelys kempii

DERMOCHELYIDAE: [1]

- ___ Leatherback Sea Turtle x - - -
Dermochelys coriacea

EMYDIDAE: [4]

- ___ Spotted Turtle x x x -
Clemmys guttata
- ___ Diamondback Terrapin x x x -
Malaclemys terrapin
- ___ Eastern Box Turtle x x - -
Terrapene carolina
- ___ Yellow-bellied Slider x - - -
Trachemys scripta scripta

KINOSTERNIDAE: [1]

- ___ Eastern Mud Turtle x x - -
Kinosternon subrubrum

ALLIGATORIDAE: [1]

- ___ American Alligator x x - x
Alligator mississippiensis

ANGUIDAE: [1]

- ___ Eastern Glass Lizard x x x -
Ophisaurus ventralis

ANOLIDAE: [1]

- ___ Green Anole x x x x
Anolis carolinensis

SCINCIDAE: [2]

- ___ Ground Skink - x - -
Scincella lateralis

COLUBRIDAE: [6]

- ___ Central/Eastern Ratsnake Complex x x - -
Pantherophis alleghaniensis-quadrivittatus
- ___ Eastern Hog-nosed Snake x - - -
Heterodon platirhinos
- ___ Outer Banks Kingsnake - x - -
Lampropeltis getula sticticeps

VIPERIDAE: [1]

- ___ Copperhead x x - -
Agkistrodon contortrix

COLUBRIDAE: [6]

- ___ Northern Black Racer - x x -
Coluber constrictor
- ___ Northern Rough Green Snake x - - -
Ophiodrys aestivus
- ___ Corn Snake x x x x
Pantherophis guttatus
- ___ Northern Red-bellied Snake - - x -
Storeria occipitomaculata

SCINCIDAE: [2]

- ___ Southeastern Five-lined Skink - x - -
Plestiodon inexpectatus
- ___ Broad-headed Skink - - - -
Plestiodon laticeps

TEIIDAE: [1]

- ___ Eastern Six-lined Racerunner - x - -
Aspidoscelis sexlineatus

CHELYDRIDAE: [1]

- ___ Eastern Snapping Turtle x x x -
Chelydra serpentina

EMYDIDAE: [4]

- ___ Painted Turtle - x - -
Chrysemys picta