A REPTILE Checklist for Pilot Mountain State Park 28 taxa

Herpetology is the branch of zoology dedicated to the study of amphibians (frogs, toads, salamanders, and newts) and of reptiles (snakes, lizards, turtles, and crocodilians). "Herps" are a diverse and interesting group of animals that are important elements in the fabric of life.

Amphibian is derived from the Greek work "amphibios". "Amphi" meaning 'both' and "bio" meaning 'life' - hence leading a double life. Indeed, most amphibians are aquatic as juveniles and breath with gills. After transformation, the adults usually live on land and most have lungs.

Many amphibians are very sensitive to environmental change. Their diversity and abundance can be an indication of an area's ecological health.

In early spring and during the summer listen for the calls of frogs and toads. Salamanders and newts, however, are silent and can be quiet secretive.

Reptiles, unlike amphibians, have dry skin covered with horny scales. Most, with the exception of snakes and legless lizards, have 4 legs with five clawed digits on each foot. While some amphibians retain gills as adults, all reptiles breathe solely by means of lungs.

Look for these cold-blooded animals on warm to hot sunny days when they bask on rocks, logs and tree trunks. Sixty-seven species have been recorded in North Carolina.

For more information, contact: Pilot Mountain State Park

(336) 444-5100 pilot.mountain@ncparks.gov

Notes

REPTILE CHECKLIST Pilot Mountain State Park



Seasons:

Spring - March to May Summer - June to August Fall -September to November Winter - December to February

Web Links

Amphibians and Reptiles of North Carolina State Parks https://auth1.dpr.ncparks.gov/nrid/public.php

Resources

Snakes of the Southeast by Whit Gibbons and Mike Dorcas Univ. of Georgia Press http://www.ugapress.org

Amphibians and Reptiles of the Carolinas and Virginia by Jeffrey C. Beane, Alvin L. Braswell, Joseph C. Mitchell, and William M. Palmer Univ. of North Carolina Press http://uncpress.unc.edu

Reptiles of North Carolina by William M. Palmer and Alvin L. Braswell Univ. of North Carolina Press http://uncpress.unc.edu



https://www.ncparks.gov/junior-rangers

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28 REPTILE taxa EMYDIDAE: [3]				
Eastern River Cooter	v	_	_	_
Pseudemys concinna concinna				
Eastern Box Turtle	~	~	~	_
Terrapene carolina	А	Λ.	Λ	_
Yellow-bellied Slider				
	Х	Х	_	_
Trachemys scripta scripta				
TRIONYCHIDAE: [1]				
Gulf Coast Spiny Softshell	х	Х	-	-
Apalone spinifera aspera				
ANOLIDAE: [1]				
Green Anole	-	-	х	-
Anolis carolinensis				
COLUBRIDAE: [14]				
Central/Eastern Ratsnake Complex	х	х	-	-
Pantherophis alleghaniensis-quadrivittatus				
Ring-necked Snake	x	_	х	_
Diadophis punctatus				
Eastern Hog-nosed Snake	x	x	_	_
— Heterodon platirhinos				
Eastern Milksnake	_	_	x	_
Brown Water Snake	_	_	_	_
— Nerodia taxispilota				
Queen Snake	x	_	_	_
Regina septemvittata				
Brown Snake	x	x	_	_
 Storeria dekayi				
VIPERIDAE: [2]				
Copperhead	_	x	_	_
Agkistrodon contortrix				
Timber Rattlesnake	x	x	x	_
Crotalus horridus				
SCINCIDAE: [2]				
no common name	_	v	_	_
Plestiodon unidentified species		^		
COLUBRIDAE: [14]				
Eastern Worm Snake				
	X	х	_	х
Carphophis amoenus Northern Black Racer				
Northern Black Racei	х	-	х	_
Northern Mole Kingsnake	-	х	-	-
Lampropeltis rhombomaculata				

	S	S	Г	V
COLUBRIDAE: [14]				
Northern Water Snake	x	х	-	_
Nerodia sipedon				
Northern Rough Green Snake	x	х	_	_
Opheodrys aestivus				
Corn Snake	x	-	х	-
Pantherophis guttatus				
Northern Red-bellied Snake	x	_	_	_
Storeria occipitomaculata				
Common Gartersnake	x	х	_	_
Thamnophis sirtalis				
PHRYNOSOMATIDAE: [1]				
Eastern Fence Lizard	x	x	x	х
Sceloporus undulatus				
SCINCIDAE: [2]				
Common Five-lined Skink	x	х	х	-
Plestiodon fasciatus				
Broad-headed Skink	x	х	-	-
Plestiodon laticeps				
CHELYDRIDAE: [1]				
Eastern Snapping Turtle	x	х	х	-
Chelydra serpentina				
EMYDIDAE: [3]				
Painted Turtle	x	-	-	х
Chrysemys picta				