An AMPHIBIAN Checklist for Eno River State Park 23 taxa

Herpetology is the branch of zoology dedicated to the study of amphibians (frogs, toads, salamanders, and newts) and of reptiles (snakes, lizards, turtles, and crocodilians). "Herps" are a diverse and interesting group of animals that are important elements in the fabric of life.

Amphibian is derived from the Greek work "amphibios". "Amphi" meaning 'both' and "bio" meaning 'life' - hence leading a double life. Indeed, most amphibians are aquatic as juveniles and breath with gills. After transformation, the adults usually live on land and most have lungs.

Many amphibians are very sensitive to environmental change. Their diversity and abundance can be an indication of an area's ecological health.

In early spring and during the summer listen for the calls of frogs and toads. Salamanders and newts, however, are silent and can be quiet secretive.

Reptiles, unlike amphibians, have dry skin covered with horny scales. Most, with the exception of snakes and legless lizards, have 4 legs with five clawed digits on each foot. While some amphibians retain gills as adults, all reptiles breathe solely by means of lungs.

Look for these cold-blooded animals on warm to hot sunny days when they bask on rocks, logs and tree trunks. Sixty-seven species have been recorded in North Carolina.

> For more information, contact: Eno River State Park

> > (919) 383-1686 eno.river@ncparks.gov

Notes

AMPHIBIAN CHECKLIST Eno River State Park

Seasons:

Spring - March to May Summer - June to August Fall -September to November Winter - December to February

Web Links

Amphibians and Reptiles of North Carolina State Parks https://auth1.dpr.ncparks.gov/nrid/public.php

Resources

Snakes of the Southeast by Whit Gibbons and Mike Dorcas Univ. of Georgia Press <http://www.ugapress.org>

Amphibians and Reptiles of the Carolinas and Virginia by Jeffrey C. Beane, Alvin L. Braswell, Joseph C. Mitchell, and William M. Palmer Univ. of North Carolina Press <http://uncpress.unc.edu>

Reptiles of North Carolina by William M. Palmer and Alvin L. Braswell Univ. of North Carolina Press <http://uncpress.unc.edu>





https://www.ncparks.gov/junior-rangers

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23 AMPHIBIAN taxa	HYLIDAE: [5]
AMBYSTOMATIDAE: [2]	Spring Peeper x - x
_ Spotted Salamander x - x x	
Ambystoma maculatum	Upland Chorus Frog x - x
Marbled Salamander x x x x	
Ambystoma opacum	RANIDAE: [4]
PLETHODONTIDAE: [5]	American Bullfrog x $_{x}$ -
Northern Dusky Salamander x >	<i>Lithobates catesbeianus</i>
Desmognathus fuscus	Green Frog x x x
Southern Two-lined Salamander x - x 2	<i>Lithobates clamitans</i>
Eurycea cirrigera	Pickerel Frog x x x
_ Four-toed Salamander x 2	Lithobates palustris
Hemidactylium scutatum	Southern Leopard Frog x x x
Eastern Red-backed Salamander x - x 2	Lithobates sphenocephalus
Plethodon cinereus	
_ White-spotted Slimy Salamander $x \times x + x = 0$	
Plethodon cylindraceus	
PROTEIDAE: [1]	
_ Neuse River Waterdog x x - >	2
Necturus lewisi	
SALAMANDRIDAE: [1]	
_ Red-spotted (Eastern) Newt x x 3	c .
Notophthalmus viridescens viridescens	
HYLIDAE: [5]	
_ Cope's Gray Treefrog x	
Hyla chrysoscelis	
Green Treefrog x	
<i>Hyla cinerea</i>	
Squirrel Treefrog x	
<i>Hyla squirella</i>	
MICROHYLIDAE: [1]	
Eastern Narrow-mouthed Toad x	
Gastrophryne carolinensis	
PELOBATIDAE: [1]	
Eastern Spadefootx	
<i>Scaphiopus holbrookii</i>	
BUFONIDAE: [2]	
Eastern American Toad x x x -	
Anaxyrus americanus	
Fowler's Toad $x \times$	
Anaxyrus fowleri	
HYLIDAE: [5] Eastern Cricket Frog	
Eastern Cricket Frog x x x x Acris crepitans	