An AMPHIBIAN Checklist for Goose Creek State Park 21 taxa

Herpetology is the branch of zoology dedicated to the study of amphibians (frogs, toads, salamanders, and newts) and of reptiles (snakes, lizards, turtles, and crocodilians). "Herps" are a diverse and interesting group of animals that are important elements in the fabric of life.

Amphibian is derived from the Greek work "amphibios". "Amphi" meaning 'both' and "bio" meaning 'life' - hence leading a double life. Indeed, most amphibians are aquatic as juveniles and breath with gills. After transformation, the adults usually live on land and most have lungs.

Many amphibians are very sensitive to environmental change. Their diversity and abundance can be an indication of an area's ecological health.

In early spring and during the summer listen for the calls of frogs and toads. Salamanders and newts, however, are silent and can be quiet secretive.

Reptiles, unlike amphibians, have dry skin covered with horny scales. Most, with the exception of snakes and legless lizards, have 4 legs with five clawed digits on each foot. While some amphibians retain gills as adults, all reptiles breathe solely by means of lungs.

Look for these cold-blooded animals on warm to hot sunny days when they bask on rocks, logs and tree trunks. Sixty-seven species have been recorded in North Carolina.

> For more information, contact: Goose Creek State Park

(252) 923-2191 goose.creek@ncparks.gov

Notes

AMPHIBIAN CHECKLIST Goose Creek State Park



Seasons:

Spring - March to May Summer - June to August Fall -September to November Winter - December to February

Web Links

Amphibians and Reptiles of North Carolina State Parks https://auth1.dpr.ncparks.gov/nrid/public.php

Resources

Snakes of the Southeast by Whit Gibbons and Mike Dorcas Univ. of Georgia Press http://www.ugapress.org

Amphibians and Reptiles of the Carolinas and Virginia by Jeffrey C. Beane, Alvin L. Braswell, Joseph C. Mitchell, and William M. Palmer Univ. of North Carolina Press http://uncpress.unc.edu

Reptiles of North Carolina by William M. Palmer and Alvin L. Braswell Univ. of North Carolina Press http://uncpress.unc.edu



https://www.ncparks.gov/junior-rangers

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21 AMPHIBIAN taxa AMBYSTOMATIDAE: [1]				
Marbled Salamander	x	х	х	х
Ambystoma opacum				
AMPHIUMIDAE: [1]				
Two-toed Amphiuma	_	x	x	_
Amphiuma means				
PLETHODONTIDAE: [3]				
Chamberlain's Dwarf Salamander			٠,	
Eurycea chamberlaini			Λ	
Southern Two-lined Salamander				
	х	_	_	_
Eurycea cirrigera				
Atlantic Coast Slimy Salamander	х	Х	Х	Х
Plethodon chlorobryonis				
HYLIDAE: [5]				
Cope's Gray Treefrog	х	х	х	-
Hyla chrysoscelis				
Green Treefrog	x	х	х	-
Hyla cinerea				
Pine Woods Treefrog	х	x	х	х
Hyla femoralis				
Squirrel Treefrog	x	x	x	х
Hyla squirella				
Brimley's Chorus Frog	v	_	_	_
Pseudacris brimleyi				
MICROHYLIDAE: [1]				
Eastern Narrow-mouthed Toad	٠,	3,5	٠,	
Gastrophryne carolinensis	X	x	х	_
- ·				
PELOBATIDAE: [1]				
Eastern Spadefoot	х	х	-	-
Scaphiopus holbrookii				
BUFONIDAE: [4]				
Eastern American Toad	-	-	х	-
Anaxyrus americanus				
Fowler's Toad	-	х	-	-
Anaxyrus fowleri				
Oak Toad	х	-	-	-
Anaxyrus quercicus				
Southern Toad	x	_	х	-
Anaxyrus terrestris				
HYLIDAE: [5]				
Spring Peeper	x	x	x	х
Pseudacris crucifer				
RANIDAE: [4]				
American Bullfrog	v	v	_	v
Lithobates catesbeianus				22
Line outes curescumins				

RANIDAE: [4]				
_ Green Frog	х	-	x	-
Lithobates clamitans				
_ Southern Leopard Frog	x	х	х	х
Lithobates sphenocephalus				
_ Carpenter Frog	x	-	-	-
Lithobates virgatipes				