

**An AMPHIBIAN Checklist
for Weymouth Woods-Sandhills
Nature Preserve
28 taxa**

Herpetology is the branch of zoology dedicated to the study of amphibians (frogs, toads, salamanders, and newts) and of reptiles (snakes, lizards, turtles, and crocodilians). "Herps" are a diverse and interesting group of animals that are important elements in the fabric of life.

Amphibian is derived from the Greek work "amphibios". "Amphi" meaning 'both' and "bio" meaning 'life' - hence leading a double life. Indeed, most amphibians are aquatic as juveniles and breath with gills. After transformation, the adults usually live on land and most have lungs.

Many amphibians are very sensitive to environmental change. Their diversity and abundance can be an indication of an area's ecological health.

In early spring and during the summer listen for the calls of frogs and toads. Salamanders and newts, however, are silent and can be quiet secretive.

Reptiles, unlike amphibians, have dry skin covered with horny scales. Most, with the exception of snakes and legless lizards, have 4 legs with five clawed digits on each foot. While some amphibians retain gills as adults, all reptiles breathe solely by means of lungs.

Look for these cold-blooded animals on warm to hot sunny days when they bask on rocks, logs and tree trunks. Sixty-seven species have been recorded in North Carolina.

**For more information, contact:
Weymouth Woods-Sandhills Nature Preserve**

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Notes

**AMPHIBIAN
CHECKLIST
Weymouth Woods
Sandhills Nature Preserve**



Seasons:

Spring - March to May
Summer - June to August
Fall - September to November
Winter - December to February

Web Links

Amphibians and Reptiles of North Carolina State Parks
<<https://auth1.dpr.ncparks.gov/nrid/public.php>>

Resources

Snakes of the Southeast
by Whit Gibbons and Mike Dorcas
Univ. of Georgia Press
<<http://www.ugapress.org>>

Amphibians and Reptiles of the Carolinas and Virginia
by Jeffrey C. Beane, Alvin L. Braswell, Joseph C. Mitchell, and William M. Palmer
Univ. of North Carolina Press
<<http://uncpress.unc.edu>>

Reptiles of North Carolina
by William M. Palmer and Alvin L. Braswell
Univ. of North Carolina Press
<<http://uncpress.unc.edu>>



<https://www.ncparks.gov/junior-rangers>

28 AMPHIBIAN taxa

AMPHIUMIDAE: [1]

___ Two-toed Amphiuma x x - -
Amphiuma means

PLETHODONTIDAE: [7]

___ Southern Dusky Salamander x - - -
Desmognathus auriculatus
___ Southern Two-lined Salamander x - - -
Eurycea cirrigera
___ Atlantic Coast Slimy Salamander x - x x
Plethodon chlorobryonis
___ Eastern Mud Salamander x - x -
Pseudotriton montanus montanus

PROTEIDAE: [1]

___ Dwarf Waterdog x - x -
Necturus punctatus

SALAMANDRIDAE: [1]

___ Broken-striped Newt - - x -
Notophthalmus viridescens dorsalis

HYLIDAE: [7]

___ Pine Barrens Treefrog - x - -
Hyla andersonii
___ Cope's Gray Treefrog x x x -
Hyla chrysoscelis
___ Green Treefrog x x - -
Hyla cinerea
___ Pine Woods Treefrog x x - -
Hyla femoralis
___ Barking Treefrog x x - -
Hyla gratiosa
___ Squirrel Treefrog x x x -
Hyla squirella

MICROHYLIDAE: [1]

___ Eastern Narrow-mouthed Toad x x x -
Gastrophryne carolinensis

PELOBATIDAE: [1]

___ Eastern Spadefoot x x x x
Scaphiopus holbrookii

BUFONIDAE: [2]

___ Fowler's Toad x x x -
Anaxyrus fowleri
___ Southern Toad x x x -
Anaxyrus terrestris

HYLIDAE: [7]

___ Coastal Plain (Southern) Cricket Frog x x x -
Acris gryllus

HYLIDAE: [7]

___ Spring Peeper x x x x
Pseudacris crucifer

RANIDAE: [4]

___ American Bullfrog - x x -
Lithobates catesbeianus
___ Green Frog x x x x
Lithobates clamitans
___ Southern Leopard Frog x x x -
Lithobates sphenoccephalus
___ Carpenter Frog x x - -
Lithobates virgatipes

PLETHODONTIDAE: [7]

___ Mud Salamander - x - -
Pseudotriton montanus
___ Carolina Sandhills Salamander x x x x
Eurycea arenicola
___ Red Salamander x x - -
Pseudotriton ruber
___ Northern Red Salamander x - x -
Pseudotriton ruber ruber

SALAMANDRIDAE: [1]

___ Eastern Newt - - x -
Notophthalmus viridescens